



## **DYC DISCIPLINARY POLICY & PROCEDURES 2025-26**

This policy applies to all individuals involved in the sport of curling, including coaches, players, umpires, supporters, helpers, club members, committee reps, executive and board members; this is not an exhaustive list.

### Scope

The disciplinary policy has been written to govern incidents where persons involved in curling are involved in behaviour, conduct and actions that may bring the sport into disrepute. Examples of this may be inappropriate behaviour, improper conduct, foul or offensive language, equipment abuse, or wilful damage. Any violation may result in disciplinary action being taken against the offending person(s) by the club.

### Receiving and reviewing complaints/ incident reports

- Complaints received regarding the club will be dealt with in line with the Complaints Policy.
- Complaints received regarding other curling matters will be allocated to the relevant staff member who will consider the initial complaint / report and decide whether this is a case which should be dealt with locally e.g. by the Club / Development Group who will follow the or whether it should be dealt with centrally - either using the RCCC Complaints Policy or through the formal Disciplinary Policy.
  
- All incidents at RCCC competitions and events will be dealt with centrally.

### Complaints / Incident handling via the Disciplinary Procedure:

Any complaint/incident that is reported to the club will be treated as confidential. A staff member will be appointed to be the Lead Investigator for the disciplinary process. In acting as the Lead Investigator, the staff member will support the disciplinary panel and will be the main point of contact for both the complainant(s) and accused person(s).

### A Disciplinary Panel will consist of:

- Three members
  - The Chair -
  - Ordinary panel member with relevant/technical experience
  - Ordinary panel member with governance experience
- None of the panel members should have been involved in reporting the case or have a conflict of interests (eg a close friend of the individual who is subject to allegations)
- If the complaint relates to a coaching / umpiring / performance / or other defined area, at least one panel member will have experience in this area.

### Disciplinary Panel process:

- The club receives the written complaint / report of an incident appointing a staff member to act as Lead Investigator, and forms a Panel by appointing 3 members for the case.



- The Lead Investigator gathers and reviews the written complaint / report of an incident and decides whether there is sufficient information/evidence/justification.  
{Incidents requiring review and action by the RCCC Disciplinary Panel will be carried out following their procedure}



- The panel will meet to consider the complaint and any supplementary information including any statements from the defendant
- The panel may have only written reports and statements to review or may hear statements from both the complainant, the defendant and any witnesses either party may wish to call
- The panel can ask for further information, clarification of both written statements and witnesses
- After considering all the evidence provided the panel will reach a conclusion which will be communicated to all parties in writing

When the Panel has reached a decision it must:

- Inform the accused and put the decision in writing
- Inform all relevant parties of the outcome in writing
- Make sure that any actions arising from its decision are carried out

#### Powers of the Disciplinary Committee

The powers of any disciplinary committee shall be to decide the appropriate sanctions which may include, but are not restricted to, the following:-

- Written warning as to future conduct
- A requirement to change current practices
- A financial penalty
- A written apology to those affected
- Coaching / Umpiring / Competing under supervision
- Order the defendant to undertake relevant training / CPD such as:
  - relevant RCCC coaching course or update
  - sports coach UK Safeguarding & Protecting Children workshop or Positive Coaching Scotland (PCS) workshop
  - Umpiring training
- Temporary suspension - person(s)/club/group/organisation
- Permanent suspension / life time ban - person(s)/club/group/organisation
- Any other appropriate sanction which may be levied from time to time

#### Right of Appeal

The club will hear any appeal where there has been a breach of procedure.

The person against whom the complaint has been made must be:

- Informed of the nature of the complaint in writing
- Provided with a copy of any report or other information which will be considered by the Panel
- Be invited to attend the meeting which should be held at a convenient time for them;
- Receive sufficient notice of the hearing;
- Be given the opportunity to put their side of the story and call witnesses
- Be allowed to hear or see evidence supporting the complaint, however, minors should not be required to give evidence in person and can provide evidence in writing. There may also be information which is confidential to the complainant or where the source has requested anonymity for fear of retribution.



- Be informed of the outcome in writing
- Be informed of their right to appeal

#### Temporary Suspension

It may be in the best interests of all parties or necessary due to the nature of the complaint that the individual concerned is temporarily suspended pending the conclusion of the matter. Temporary suspension is a neutral act and will not be used punitively. Support and advice will also be provided to the individual who is suspended as it is recognised that this can be a stressful process and while termed as “neutral” may not feel like this to the individual involved.

For guidance on the grounds and process for making a referral, Appendix 23 and contact the RCCC Welfare and Child Protection Officer for guidance.